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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/814,179	04/01/2004	Naohiro Sugiyama	01-609	6460	
23400	7590 06/27/2006		EXAM	INER	
POSZ LAW GROUP, PLC 12040 SOUTH LAKES DRIVE			KUNEMUND, ROBERT M		
SUITE 101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
RESTON, VA	A 20191		1722		
			DATE MAILED: 06/27/2006	DATE MAILED: 06/27/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		HV.				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Astion Commence	10/814,179	SUGIYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert M. Kunemund	1722				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	,					
<u> </u>	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowand	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	<i>parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the di	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dai 5) Notice of Informal Pa					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6 to 15, 18, 19, and 21 to 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hara et al (2002/0064512).

The Hara et al reference teaches a method and apparatus for the formation of silicon carbide, note entire reference. The source gases are fed inot the reaction chamber by a tube which places the gases in the middle or center of the chamber, note figure 1. There is a means to heat the reaction chamber, note figure 1. There is a substrate mounted on a movable substrate holder, note figure 1. There is a means to lowe the temperature of the substreate from the restof the chamber, note figure 2. The

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raw gas reacts to form the silicon carbide on the substrate. The remaining gases then flow out of the chamber. The remaining gases are heated as the gases flow out of the chamber to the exhaust. The difference between the instant claims and the prior art is the use of absorbor and specific types. However, in the absence of unexpected results, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to determine through routine experimentation the optimum, operable means of controlling the gas flow out in order to prevent harmful gas emissions.

Claims 3, 5 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hara et al (2002/0064512) in view of Kordina et al (5704985).

The Hara et al reference is relied on for the same reasons as stated, supra, and differs form the instant claims in the inlet gas flow. However, the Kordina et al reference teaches a inverse inlet gas flow for silicon carbide deposition, note figures. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Hara et al reference in the Kordina et al reference to use an inverse flow in order to increase the uniformity of SiC gases.

Claims 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hara et al (2002/0064512) in view of Kordina et al (5704985).

The Hara et al and Kordina et al references are relied on for the same reasons as stated, supra, and differs form the instant claims in the specific dimensions of the apparatus. However, in the absence of unexpected results, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to determine through routine experimentation the

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optimum, operable size of the apparatus in the Hara et al reference in order to create the desired flows.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert M. Kunemund whose telephone number is 571-272-1464. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yogendra Gupta can be reached on 571-272-1312. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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